

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

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Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

W. P. WALTON.

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—AT—
\$2.00 PER ANNUM

When paid strictly in advance. If we have to wait any time, \$2.50 will be charged.

An Address to the Democracy of Kentucky.

The Democratic State Central Committee begs to address the democrats of Kentucky a few words of cheer and hope. In the bare fact of nearly twenty-four years of republican misadministration of the political affairs of our great republic consists the strongest argument to individual democrats to leave no honest effort untied to secure a change of party's domination, and thereby a change of policy and of methods. Our party in national convention assembled at Chicago last week, after four days spent in interchange of opinion by the delegates, consisting of many of the ablest veteran democrats of the country, and witnessed by the largest assemblage of people ever assembled at a convention on this continent, presented to the country a platform of principles upon which every honest patriot can stand, and named as its candidate for President a gentleman of transcendent ability and well approved official and personal integrity, the record of whose whole past life affords the strongest guaranty of his adhesion to the principle and practice of administrative reform; while the second place on the ticket was given to an illustrious citizen of the republic who has once heretofore been elected to the high office of Vice President, but who was fraudulently deprived of his seat by the republican members of a packed court, incited thereto and protected therein by the mailed hand of military power. A hundred of whigs in Kentucky voted for Andrew Jackson in 1828, because of their sense of fair play and their resentment that he was not declared by the House of Representatives entitled to the Presidency, to which they felt he had been elected in 1824, so will the pendulum of public justice swing to Mr. Hendricks thousands of honest independent voters in 1884 and six him truly in the office to which he was elected in 1876 and from which he will not be ousted by the decree of another republican court, which, instead of registering an award of justice, entered the mandate of a party caucus. Republics may be sometimes ungrateful, but never deliberately unjust.

In behalf of honest taxation; in behalf of administrative reform and honest, scrupulous political methods, we beg of you to address yourselves at once to the task of organizing Cleveland and Hendricks Clubs in your respective counties, precincts and neighborhoods; invite a comparison of candidates and a discussion of platform principles with the enemy; lay aside all mere personal and minor differences, and, with hearty good will and entire harmony of purpose, unite and put forth your best efforts in August and November and a glorious victory awaits you.—[Signed by the State Central Committee.]

History Which Will Repeat Itself.
In 1874 when Samuel J. Tilden was a candidate for Governor of New York, John Kelly and his henchmen were his avowed supporters. But in 1876, because they could not use Samuel J. Tilden while Governor, and because he was too much man to bow to the will of Tammany, he was bitterly opposed by Tammany in the national democratic convention held in St. Louis, Mo. All the bitter invectives and falsehoods of which Tammany is capable were brought to bear against Tilden, the greatest statesman of the age. In a speech before the convention Kelly begged that Tilden be not nominated, saying that he would lose New York to democracy by an overwhelming majority. Tammany was overruled, Tilden was nominated, carried New York by 32,000 majority and was elected President of the United States. In 1880 Tammany again opposed the nomination of Tilden. "Give us Hancock, give us any one except Tilden and we will sweep New York." The convention gave Tammany Hancock and he was overwhelmingly defeated, losing New York by 21,000.

In 1882 John Kelly and his Tammany supporters Cleveland for the governorship of the entire State. He was elected and because he was too pure a statesman and too excellent a gentleman to yield to the will of Tammany, he was as bitterly opposed by that organization in the Chicago convention as Tilden was in the St. Louis convention. Cleveland was nominated, will be elected President and will carry New York by 20,000 majority. This bit of history clearly demonstrates that all corrupt organizations and disreputable influences, such as Tammany has proven itself to be, should be "sat down on" to secure victory.—[Lexington Press.]

Governor Cleveland has a brother living who is a Presbyterian minister near Utica. He has five sisters. One of them lives on the old homestead at Holland Patent, is unmarried, and is a strong advocate of woman's rights. Another is the wife of an architect in Toledo, Ohio, and a third is the wife of a missionary in India.

"Siam is the place where there are neither Jews nor swine," said a person to a Ratschid once. "Indeed," was the reply. Let us go and exhibit ourselves there."

STILL PRAISING THE TICKET.

There is no doubt that Gov. Cleveland, in personal character and cleanliness of record, was the most unsavable candidate that the democracy could have offered. His career as Governor has shown him to be a practical reformer, and superior to the temptations of using public office for the sustenance of a political machine.—[Pittsburg Dispatch (Rep.)]

The democratic Presidential Convention has completed its perfect work. The nomination of Grover Cleveland for the distinguished office of President was fully followed by the selection of Thos. A. Hendricks for Vice President. The two combine to form a ticket that goes beyond the reach of criticism, and will challenge the admiration of democrats as well as independent voters in every State in the Union.—[Harrisburg Patriot.]

As a rule the comments of the English press on the democratic nominations are judicious, moderate and sensible and they all recognize the fact that Grover Cleveland represents the desire of the country to escape from ring rule and political corruption.—[New York World.]

Gov. Cleveland began his public career as sheriff of this county, and in the poverty of other bad things to say, some of his political enemies refer to him as "hangman." This will not change any votes, however. All who expect to be hanged some day have already made up their minds to vote for Blaine.—[Boston Post.]

There may be factions in the democratic party in Indiana, but if so, every member of each turn with the utmost faith to Thos. A. Hendricks. He has had the uniform support of his State in a greater degree than any American politician in any party, and there is no reason for the assumption that he will not have it now.—[Philadelphia Times.]

We fancy that few well-informed persons could be found in this State, were search made to day, who have any reasonable doubts that Gov. Cleveland will, if he lives, be the next President of the United States. Whatever he may be, intellectually or politically, or may not be of either, he is the man of destiny to preside for the coming Presidential term over this great country. The democracy could not have done otherwise than nominate him—the people will be impelled by an irresistible, prevailing impulse to elect him.—[Utica Press.]

It is such a man that Gov. Cleveland of New York has shown himself to be. He is strong, not because of his party, but despite of it. The immense majority that made him Governor was not a democratic majority. It was a protest against vicious and fraudulent political methods. It gave him at once a power of independent action, which no mere party majority could have conferred, and of which he has made noble use. It gave him a unique distinction among all conspicuous men in the country at this time. As the force of the argument for his nomination drawn from probable independent support is undeniable, his opponents in his own party seek to weaken it by decrying the independent support that he would receive as comparatively insignificant. In reply to this assertion, which is made by democrats who for various reasons oppose his nomination, the actual and long existing political indifference among many republicans must be considered, the amazing character of the republican nomination in the present condition of public feeling and the fact that the open and positive republican protest is unparalleled and implies a discontent which in great part, as is always the case, will not care to announce itself except by voting at the polls. The number and character of those, for instance, who in Boston, New Haven, New York and elsewhere have publicly declared themselves opposed to the election of Mr. Blaine, show how large and influential the actual and unreported defection must be—a defection which in close states like Massachusetts, Connecticut and New York may be decisive. It is a defection, moreover, which does not require elaborate organization to adhere to its purpose and make it effective. There was very little organization of discontent in 1882 except in Brooklyn. The republican voters understood the situation and whether they voted or stood at home, they effected their purpose. Under the circumstances, when opinion is ripe upon a certain subject, as it was upon the meaning of the fraudulent proxy in New York, and as it is upon the significance of the republican nominations at Chicago, it will express itself adequately. If such opinion is not ripe, no organization can vitalize it. But there is no doubt of its full maturity now. At this time, therefore, a democratic nomination which should be in itself an earnest of sober, upright, clean administration, of respect for the reformed civil service, of freedom from any kind of association with the vast frauds and venal combinations which have long preyed upon the public Treasury, of honest and tranquillity at home, of peace with honor abroad, would be the strongest possible nomination, because it would receive the independent vote, except that part of it which would not be cast for either party.—[Harper's Weekly.]

Dr. ROSANKO.
This name has become so familiar with the most of people throughout the United States that it is hardly necessary to state that he is the originator of the great Dr. Rosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the people's favorite remedy, wherever known, for Coughs, Colds, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. Price 30 cents and \$1.00. Sold by McRoberts & Stage.

There is a charming tradition connected with the site on which the Temple of Solomon was erected. It is said to have been owned in common by two brothers, one of whom had a family, the other had none. On the spot was sown a field of wheat. On the evening succeeding the harvest, the wheat having been gathered in separate shocks, the elder brother said unto his wife: "My younger brother is unable to bear the burden and heat of the day; I will arise, take my shocks and place them with his, without his knowledge." The younger brother, being actuated by the same benevolent motives, said within himself: "My elder brother has a family, and I have none; I will contribute to their support; I will arise, take of my shocks, and place them with his, without his knowledge." Judge to their mutual astonishment, when, on the following morning they found the shocks undiminished. This course of events transpired for several nights, when each resolved in his mind, to stand guard and solve the mystery. They did so; when on the following night, they met each other half way between their respective shocks with arms full. Upon ground hallowed with such associations as these was the Temple of Solomon erected—so spacious and magnificent, the admiration and wonder of the world. Alas! In these days how many would sooner steal their brother's whole shock than add to it a single sheaf.

A case illustrative of the Irish custom of marrying and giving in marriage in the rural districts was heard in a Limerick court John Hayes, with two other men, went to Mrs. Ryan's house, and an agreement was entered into that Hayes should marry Mrs. Ryan's daughter. He was to get a marriage portion, \$1,750, and the marriage was to take place on the following Sunday. In the interim defendant obtained \$250 to cover the expenses, but when the guests were assembled for the wedding breakfast, he quarrelled about the money, broke off the match, and quitted the house. A few days later he married another girl with a larger portion. He returned part of the money loaned, and as a set off to the claim put in a bill for an entertainment which he gave for Mrs. Ryan. The items included whisky, port, and sherry. The last item was \$20 put down to "clergyman for intended marriage." Judgment for the full amount was given.

The aggregated years of Blaine and Logan are 112, while the aggregated years of Cleveland and Hendricks are also 112. Blaine was born in 1830 and Logan in 1826. Add the two dates and you have 3,656. Hendricks was born in 1819 and Cleveland in 1837. The two dates added make 3,656. Hendricks is just seven years older than Logan, while Blaine is just seven years older than Cleveland. Cleveland and Hendricks will get there, while Blaine and Logan will get left.

Daniel Dougherty, the Irish orator of Philadelphia, who nominated Hancock in 1880, called to pay his respects. He talked with the Governor half an hour. To a reporter he said: "Perfectly delighted with Cleveland. This is the first time we met. He is unostentatious in manner and shows a great deal of sound political statesmanlike judgment in conversation. Cleveland is an excellent candidate. He fills my idea of a presidential candidate to the letter."

To prevent haystacks from firing, scatter a few handfuls of common salt between each layer. The salt, by absorbing the humidity of the hay, not only prevents its fermentation and consequent heating, but it also adds a salty taste to this forage, which all cattle like; besides, it stimulates the appetite and assists their digestion, and so preserves them from many diseases.

A Good Retort.

The following bit of wit upon the part of a North Carolina girl comes to us from the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, the fashionable Virginia watering-place:

Among the regular habitués in Col. B.—, a well-preserved, handsome old beau, of uncertain age. His society record is brilliant and though he has raised many hopes, yet season after season has ended and the Colonel has yielded his liberty to none. His special strength is pride of family, boasting as he does, in season and out of season, not only of the bluest South Carolina blood, but the most direct Huguenot descent.

During the summer there appeared, flitting about the broad piazzas and through the long drawing room, a bright, dashing girl from the "Land of the Sky." The Colonel, as usual, began the scheme of monopoly and the ambitious young belle seemed nothing loath to accord to him the coveted position as chief of staff. It began to be whispered about that the Colonel was really in earnest for once in his life. Those who knew him best and watched him close were sure that he was on the eve of a victory. His gait was more martial, his manner more lofty than ever before and the poor ancestral Huguenots were dragged to the front without mercy.

Unfortunately a bit of eavesdropping in the dim, star-lighted seclusion of what the Colonel thought to be a deserted corner of the piazza told the story of such woful discomfiture that he fled the place within 24 hours afterward. He had evidently proposed in his most pompous and condescending manner, and had heard with amazement a quiet negative from the young lady's lips.

"But, I think—I am sure," said the Colonel, hardly able to control his indignant pride, "you do not understand, you do not appreciate, miss, the honor that has been conferred upon you, that you so lightly decline. I am a Huguenot, of South Carolina."

"Ah, Colonel, is it you who forget," said Miss—, with her most roguish smile. "You do not appreciate the honor to which you aspire. I am a Lightfoot Knot, of North Carolina!"—[Harper's Magazine.]

The Philadelphia Telegraph (Blaine Rep.) says: "The democrats have nominated a very strong ticket—possibly the strongest ticket that was possible for them to nominate; and if it is to be beaten it will be necessary for the republicans to give some positive assurance that the party as a party and despite the efforts of time-servers and tricksters to use it for improper personal and grossly unpatriotic ends, intends that the very best of its past shall indicate with unmistakable clearness its future. It is sheer folly to underrate the merit of the deliverances of the democratic convention or to attempt to misinterpret their plain meaning, or the plain peril which they represent. For the first time since the democratic party went out of power in 1861, it comes before the country with its basic elements forced into the background, if not into subjection, with men of clean, strong and patriotic records as its candidates, and with a challenge to thinking and patriotic men to regard what is good in it, instead of obtruding upon them the uneasy features of its history and the most evil of its desires."

AN ICE-WATER WELL.—In digging the well to supply the railroad tanks at Palouse Junction W. T., the workmen passed through strata of alkali, clay, and finely broken basalt rock, to a depth of 186 feet, where water of great purity and limitless quantity was found. The water in the well is five feet deep, and a steam pump actively worked, makes little impression on the quality. The most curious thing about the well is the fact that in digging the last fifty feet the workmen in the well had to wear heavy clothing and wrap their feet and legs in gunny bags to keep from freezing, while the men in the open air worked in their shirt sleeves. Water left in the bucket over night would freeze. The water in the well does not freeze, because it flows too fast. The new well at Eltopia is seventy-five feet deep, nearly all the distance being through clay. The first twelve feet are through solid white alkali.—[Portland Oregonian.]

WAITING FOR HIS DINNER.—"I say," an exhausted looking gentleman said to the head waiter of a Coney Island hotel, "will you be kind enough to ascertain what has become of the waiter from whom I ordered my dinner?"

"Certainly, sir, what time did you order your dinner?"

"Yesterday afternoon about four o'clock."

"I see," said the head waiter, consulting his watch. "It is now half past three. Very well, sir, I will do what I can to hurry him up."

Three hundred and one eggs have been produced by a single Leghorn hen in a year. A little boy had given him a Leghorn with its leg broken. The leg was set and after it got well the hen commenced to lay, making its nest in the cat's basket under the kitchen table, laying fifty-nine days in succession; this was the largest number without a rest. The hen was a pet and came to the kitchen for its share of the meals of the day.

Dyspepsia in its worst form will yield to the use of Carter's Little Liver Pills aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress, but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

A Beautiful Legend.

There is a charming tradition connected with the site on which the Temple of Solomon was erected. It is said to have been owned in common by two brothers, one of whom had a family, the other had none. On the spot was sown a field of wheat. On the evening succeeding the harvest, the wheat having been gathered in separate shocks, the elder brother said unto his wife: "My younger brother is unable to bear the burden and heat of the day; I will arise, take my shocks and place them with his, without his knowledge." The younger brother, being actuated by the same benevolent motives, said within himself: "My elder brother has a family, and I have none; I will contribute to their support; I will arise, take of my shocks, and place them with his, without his knowledge." Judge to their mutual astonishment, when, on the following morning they found the shocks undiminished. This course of events transpired for several nights, when each resolved in his mind, to stand guard and solve the mystery. They did so; when on the following night, they met each other half way between their respective shocks with arms full. Upon ground hallowed with such associations as these was the Temple of Solomon erected—so spacious and magnificent, the admiration and wonder of the world. Alas! In these days how many would sooner steal their brother's whole shock than add to it a single sheaf.

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CURE FOR PILES.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Rosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching and affording a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Rosanko Medicine Co., Piquette, Ohio. Sold by McRoberts & Stage.

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is a Candidate for Congress in the Eighth District, subject to the will of the Democracy.

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HUSTONVILLE, . . . KY.

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Fourth—Sam B. Berry, of Marion County.
Fifth—J. P. Bullitt, Jr., of Jefferson County.
Sixth—Leslie T. Applegate, of Pendleton Co.
Seventh—Ira Julian, of Franklin County.
Eighth—G. N. Robinson, of Shelby County.
Ninth—S. S. Savage, of Boyd County.
Tenth—John P. Falyers, of Morgan County.
Eleventh—Rollin Hurt, of Adair County.

A DISPATCH in our last issue told of the rescue of the six survivors of the Greely polar region explorers by the Bear and Thetis sent to their relief. Their number was twenty five when they set sail from St. John's in July, 1881, in the Proteus, but they encountered indescribable sufferings and the wonder is that a soul of them remained to tell the tale, which is simply heartrending. One survivor tells how they buried the hair of their seal skin boots and coats, cut them into strips, boiled them in a stew and ate voraciously of it till their stomachs rebelled and nausea and weakness ensued. In several cases nature gave no call for twelve fifteen and even eighteen days, and then bloody hemorrhage and consequent weakness ensued, prostrating the victims for several days. The difficulty of keeping heat in the body was very great. The rule of the camp was to permit no one to sleep longer than two hours. He was awakened roughly and called upon to shake himself, beat his hands and pound his feet and restore the circulation. This was found absolutely necessary to prevent torpor and possibly death, the usual accompaniments of intense cold. Ellison, who died soon after his rescue, had lost both hands and feet, while the other survivors were mere bundles of bones, covered with a tawny integument, broken in places by the terrible frost bites. They looked wild and haggard, the sunken eyes, gleaming with the fire of semi-insanity as they pleaded with weak and piping voices for solid food. An unnatural laugh of joy at their deliverance was followed by tears drawn by recollections of the agony endured and the sufferings of their 17 comrades now forever at rest. Thus another is added to the brilliant but melancholy history of Arctic explorations and it differs not materially from the many that have preceded it. It is the same story of the useless sacrifice of human life and of noble endeavor wasted, the same record of suffering and of heroic endurance and of final capitulation to unendurable misery and the same ending in absolute disaster and fatality. Let us hope that these repeated lessons are not thrown away, that the folly and uselessness of polar research are now understood and that no more lives will be wasted—at least under the costly auspices of our Government.

The letter of acceptance of James G. Blaine is not very enthusiastically received. It is so excessively long that nobody will read it, unless as a matter of business and the subject matter is so prosy and so unlike Mr. Blaine's usual style as almost to suggest that he did not write it. Since it would occupy a whole page of our paper, we know our readers will thank us for sparing them an infliction of the entire production. The New York Herald disposes of it thus curtly: "We print, as a historical curiosity, but can not conscientiously recommend anybody except Mr. Hewitt and other sufferers from insomnia, to attempt to read the whole of it at a single sitting, a monstrously long winded letter dated at Augusta, Me., last Tuesday and signed, 'With great respect, your obedient servant, James G. Blaine.' A very large part of this Blaine-Phelps-Elkins-Smith-Reed tone of shape, more elegantly and concisely of this Augusta 'Symposium' is applied to a discussion of the subject of protection and free trade, which is debated in a manner that surpasses the finest passages of Col Sellers on the same subject."

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction has at last announced that the per capita for each school child in the State, white and colored, will be \$1.55, an increase of 15 cents over last year. Had the Legislature failed to equalize the whites and blacks, the per capita of the latter would be but 16 cents, while the former would have a per capita of \$3.94. We commended at the time and still commend the action of our law-makers in the matter, since the negro to make him a useful citizen, requires all the encouragement and aid that can be given him.

According to the estimate of the Philadelphia Times, there are more than one million "thoroughly independent voters" in the country, who vote to suit their own notions and are not subject to strict party discipline. If these are for honesty and reform, then Cleveland is sure of their support.

CHAIRMAN J. STONE WALKER has called a meeting of the members composing the Eighth District Congressional Committee to convene at Nicholasville next Thursday at 3 P. M., to fix the time and manner of nominating a democratic candidate for Congress.

The war record of the candidates for President are similar in that they both sent substitutes to annihilate the d-m rebels. But Cleveland has this advantage—his man went to the war and served as a good soldier and whatever amount he charged for his services came out of the pocket of him who sent him. Blaine's man was convicted of some penal offense a short time after entering and sent to the penitentiary before he had fired a shot. Though the gallant substitute did the service ten times more harm than good, Blaine had an act passed by the Legislature of Maine, indemnifying him for the amount he paid for him and then got a like amount from the citizens' protection fund, raised by those who did not care to trust their cowardly carcasses at the front. The republicans should therefore lay low on the war records.

It is generally believed by leading democrats that Daniel Manning, the chairman of the New York State democratic committee, will be selected as chairman of the national democratic committee. The democratic convention gave the national committee the right to go outside of its membership for a chairman. The prime purpose of those who worked for this was to dispose of Mr. Barnum, who for some reason is not liked by Southern democrats especially so by Southern democratic Senators. There is also some talk of Villas as chairman.

JOHN JARRETT, whom the President recommended and the Senate confirmed as chief of the new and worthless Bureau of Labor Statistics, finds his sorrow that he has been doing too much talking with his mouth. In a speech at Pittsburg recently he is said to have made some very disparaging remarks about Mr. Arthur, who has now signified his intention of withholding his commission until the charge is disproved or explained. If a republican office-seeker has any honest sentiments, it will be seen by this that he had better keep them to himself.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—Boston independents have chosen 52 delegates to the national independent conference at New York to-day.

—The latest news from China is to the effect that the Celestials will pay the indemnity demanded by France and thus avoid war.

—Harrison's bank at Indianapolis is still closed and in charge of the sheriff. A scheme is on foot to reorganize the Fletcher & Sharpe bank.

—There is a good deal of gossip in Washington in regard to the lukewarmness of the President and his Cabinet toward the Republican ticket.

—Ex-Senator Thurman declines to become a candidate for Congress in the Columbus district, now represented by Geo. L. Converse, who also refuses to run.

—Arnold, Constable & Co., of New York, are the latest victims of wholesale stealing by dishonest employees. It is said their losses run up into hundreds of thousands.

—The national anti monopoly, greenback, labor and national union parties met in joint State convention at San Francisco, Cal., and unanimously decided to support Butler.

—A special from New York says: It may be set down as about settled now that John Kelly has made up his mind to fight the Cleveland ticket, though without any open avowal to that effect.

—Sam Gibson, colored, of West Point, Ga., who is charged with grossly assaulting his own daughter, was shot dead in the jail by lynchers night before last, but not before he had cut six of them severely.

—The democratic convention to nominate a candidate for Superior Court Judge, met in Maysville and gave Hon. John Q. Ward, of Cynthiana, a unanimous nomination before the convention was thoroughly organized.

—The Harrodsburg Democrat denies the report that Senator Moore is a candidate for Congress in this district and says Mr. Moore is not a candidate and will not be. He is now on his way to Colorado, where he will spend the summer on his ranch.

—The total number of Germans who emigrated, mostly to America, in the first five months of the current year was 80,104 or 709 less than in the corresponding period of 1883. In the same period of 1882 the number was 102,324 and of 1881, 102,519.

—A well which was being dug at Durham, N. C., caved in, burying seven men. Three were taken out alive, one of them badly wounded. Four remain in the well dead. One of the latter was heard to beg for succor, saying the water was rising to his neck.

—Mr. George C. Cochran, formerly associate editor of the Courier Journal, but who has been editing the Chicago Current for a year, has resigned his position and returned to Louisville, the climate on the lake proving an insuperable objection to a residence there.

—Prof. Pickett, Superintendent of Public Instruction, reports the census of white school children for the year ending June 1884, gives 514,083; colored school children for the same period, 97,708, or a total number of 611,791. The white children over last year have increased 13,259, and the colored children, 5,238, making a total increase of 18,497.

—Mr. Blaine's letter of acceptance has been given to the press. It opens with a discussion of the differences between the republican and democratic parties on the tariff question and the importance of protecting American labor. This takes up one-half of the letter. The subjects of American commerce and civil service receive attention. The policy of a friendly union between the States of North and South America is defended as the policy of peace and humanity. The style of the letter is plain, simple and direct. It contains about 6,000 words.

—Caroline Hamilton, said to be 110 years of age, died at Wheeling, W. V., last week.

—Kentucky paid to the general Government in Internal Revenue during the last fiscal year \$17,683,524.

—Joe Stultz shot and killed John Nagel, a hack driver, in Louisville Sunday night. He claims it was accidental.

—Henry Burke, who outraged a little girl at Tuscaloosa, Ala., was mobbed and hanged to a tree in the street.

—Fire broke out in Burbridge & Bros.' store in Hopkinsville Friday and destroyed the whole of a very shabby block.

—Four murderers felt the halter draw with poor opinion of the law at as many places in the United States Friday.

—For the twenty-hours ending last evening there were 46 cholera deaths in Toulon. For the same time Marseilles reports fifty-seven deaths.

—Over 2,000 saloon-keepers in Cincinnati have failed to comply with the Scott Law, which fixes the price of a license at from \$100 to \$300.

—Henry C. Lewis, a Government Store-keeper, was shot and seriously wounded by Samuel and J. M. Montgomery, brothers, over an old feud at Greensburg, Ky.

—It is thought that President Arthur has fully decided to decapitate Gen. Longstreet and fill his place as Marshal of Georgia with the notorious John E. Bryant.

—It is claimed that if Ben Butler remains in the field as a Presidential candidate, he will draw more labor votes from the republicans than from the democratic ranks.

—Prof. E. E. Barnard, astronomer at Vanderbilt University, has discovered a large and bright comet in the Constellation Lepus. This is the first comet discovered this year.

—Thirteen hundred excursionists narrowly escaped being drowned at Boston, by the sinking of the steamer Empire State, which went down just after the last one had landed.

—The Maysville Republican edited by a couple of cousins of Hon. Jas. G. Blaine, has gone up the flame, just as it might have been able to do the Plumed Knight some good.

—The connection of the Kentucky Central and the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia railroads is completed and the first train passed over the road from Lexington to Richmond yesterday.

—Ohio democrats in Washington say that now all the official machinery of that State being in the hands of democrats, the chances are even for the democracy carrying the State in October and November.

—It looks rather odd to see the names of Cleveland and Hendricks at the head of the New York Herald's editorial columns. It is the first time since that paper was started that it ever thus printed the names of Presidential candidates.

—The earnings of the L. & N., for the fiscal year ending June 30, were \$1,156,109 and the expenses \$631,133, leaving a net income of \$524,975. The increase in earnings were nearly \$100,000 more than last year and the expenses about \$50,000.

—A polar expedition, composed of Ben Butler, John Kelly, Dennis Kearney, O'Dynamite Rossa and a crew of like kind, could not possibly result in disaster, and would have at least two chances of resulting in great good.—[Louisville Times.]

—An excursion train bearing 1,000 picnickers from Canton, O., was derailed two miles from that place, nine cars being thrown into three or four feet of water. Many persons were injured, some fatally, and it is believed a large number of dead are beneath the wreck.

—J. Z. Moore, of Owensboro, has been nominated to Congress in the second district by the republicans. Mr. Moore was a Confederate soldier during the late war, but seeing an office in sight went over to the enemy at the close of hostilities. He ran in 1876 a lively Congressional race with Hon. Jas. A. McKenzie.

PAINT LICK, GARRARD COUNTY.

—Mr. R. H. Batson is closing up his business here with a view of going to Dakota in the fall.

—There is some talk of another saddle and harness shop being started here soon.

—Notwithstanding the dry weather, crops seem to be flourishing near the little city of Bright, especially in the birth list.

—Miss Maggie Smith returned home Saturday from a several weeks visit to London. Miss Mattie Newcomb, one of Mt. Vernon's little beauties, accompanied her home. Mr. Tyre Best arrived home Saturday from the Lone Star State. He is much pleased with Texas but he likes old Kentucky better.

—There was a very good crowd at the speaking Saturday. Everything passed off quietly. Gov. McCreary led off with a speech of an hour, giving his views and promising what he would do when he gets into Congress. Before he got through he read Little Phil out of the democratic party. Judge Durham then took the stand and in his usual winning way made a good impression on his hearers and before he got through he read McCreary out of the democratic party and put him in the same bed with Little Phil.

MT. VERNON DEPARTMENT.

Managed by Jno. B. Fish.

—A good rain is needed very badly up here.

—Born to the wife of J. W. Brown, July 15th, a son.

—Blackberries are scarce this season; only a few are being brought in. They find ready sale.

—Last Saturday was another day for examination of teachers—10 out of the 15 who were examined received certificates.

—Miss Luella Ramsey, of Stanford, is visiting relatives in this vicinity. Miss Eld Tipton, of Mt. Sterling, is spending a few days with her brother at W. N. Al-

bright's, on Roundstone. Mrs. May Hackney is visiting relatives in London. Mr. Eddie C. Walton, an active attaché of the INTERIOR JOURNAL, was in town Friday.

—One negro cut another very seriously with a knife at Livingston Saturday night. Dr. Lovell sewed up five of the gashes. He will probably die. The one who did the cutting is at large.

—The members of the Rockcastle democratic county committee are requested to meet in Mt. Vernon Wednesday, July 23d, for the purpose of selecting a chairman. D. N. Williams, Sec.

—We only have candidates for two offices in this county at the August election. They are sheriff and county superintendent. H. H. Baker, rep., is the only candidate for sheriff and John W. Brown, Livingston, is the only candidate for superintendent. They have no opposition and will probably be elected. James Frezer will be a candidate for constable in this district.

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

—A moonlight mite was given by the young ladies of the Walnut street M. E. church, South, at the residence of A. J. Potts, Thursday night.

—Miss Lilla D. Marzisini, of Louisville, is expected here again in a few days, when she will complete her arrangements for opening a select school about the 1st of September.

—Mr. Thomas Faulconer, formerly of this county, died at Doneville, between Lexington and Georgetown, Friday morning. His funeral occurred Saturday evening. He had not been very well for some days and on Friday was taken with a congestive chill, which terminated fatally. He was in the mercantile business at Doneville and doing well at the time of his death.

—Judge C. A. Hardin and his brother, Attorney General P. W. Hardin, were in town Thursday. Col. C. E. Bowman, of Frankfort, is here. Mrs. J. K. Sumrall and daughter, Mrs. M. E. Moore, and her granddaughters, Misses May and Luogene Holmes and Miss Bell Moore, of Louisville, went to Crab Orchard Springs Saturday. Mrs. J. H. Thomas has returned from a visit to friends at Elizabethtown. Mrs. Sarah Munford, Mr. Thomas' sister, whose home is in Munfordsville, accompanied her. Several young men belonging to the Danville Base Ball Association, left Monday morning for a tour, taking in Lexington, Georgetown, Frankfort Eminence and Cynthiana. They expect to return with victory perching on their banners. Mr. Charles Thompson, his sister, Miss Mattie, and Mr. J. D. Strathan returned from an excursion to Mammoth Cave Saturday.

—Preston Sexton, an old man about 68 years old and a veteran of the Mexican war, was shot and wounded at a house just outside of Junction City Saturday night about 9 o'clock under the following circumstances. He was in the house with a loose woman named Mrs. Ross when some one knocked at the door. The woman on opening it saw two men near with pistols and four not far off. After some conversation in which the men threatened Sexton and the woman the two latter left in the direction of the depot, Mrs. Ross saying she expected her son on an incoming train and asked Mr. Sexton to go with her and meet him. After going but a short distance they were assaulted by the men and severely beaten. The six men then left them but had gone but a short distance when one or more of them turned and fired on Sexton and the woman, one ball striking Sexton in the right side and coming out near the naval. Since being wounded he has made a sworn statement saying that he believes Jno. Sindifer, Anderson Duncan, Scott Milburn and Jas. Milburn to have been four of his assailants and that he did not recognize the other two. At 11 o'clock Monday he was resting comfortably. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the parties named and placed in the hands of Mr. Helm, marshal of Junction City.

This is the age of statistics. It has been calculated that Vassar College girls eat 5,200 pancakes every morning. This is equal to 2,829,000 pancakes a year, which, with an average diameter of five inches, would extend 302 miles in a straight line; or they could be built into a single column nearly eight miles high. You can do anything with figures.—[Cincinnati Enquirer.]

Saw Mill For Sale!

Having determined to change my business, I offer for sale (privately) my Saw Mill, situated on Brush Creek, in Casey county, Ky. The Engine is stationary; Boiler 40x24; Engine 10x20; Counter shaft 25 feet. Edging Saw and Grind Mill attached. The property is well-known and

In Good Running Order.

Timber plenty and accessible. I would be willing to exchange for good farm stock, such as Mules, Horses, Cattle, &c.

Persons wishing to engage in the lumber business will find a good opening by applying to—

HUGH LOGAN, Hustonville, Ky.

G. F. Peacock

THE DRUGGIST.

HUSTONVILLE, - KY.

Is Preparing for a Lively Summer Trade.

His line of goods, in every variety usually found in a first-class House of the kind, is large and complete.

Judicious Alterations in the Internal Arrangements Secure Room Comfort and Better Display.

Particular attention is called to—

A Large and Elegant Addition to the Stock of Jewelry.

—And articles of vertu.—

Penny & M'Alister

PHARMACISTS

Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles. Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

JEWELERS!

Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silverware

Ever brought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired on short notice and Warranted.

W. H. HIGGINS,

DEALER IN—

Hardware, Horse Shoes, Groceries, Saddles, Iron, Nails, Queensware, Buggy Whips, Buggy Wheels, Stoves, Cane Mills, Harness, Spokes, Grates, Cider Mills, Lap Covers, Rims, Stoneware, Corn Shellers, Collars,

Oliver Chilled, Champion Steel and Brinley Combined Plows, Wooden and Cast Pumps, and the Celebrated Mayfield Elevator. Tin Roofing and Gutting will have prompt attention.

Salesmen: W. R. McKinney, John B. Wright, Jr.

WALL PAPER,

TRIMMED & READY TO PUT ON,

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McROBERTS & STAGG'S

Druggists and Booksellers,

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, STANFORD.

B. K. WEAREN,

UNDERTAKER,

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Dealer in Furniture!

A Full and complete assortment of Furniture, embracing everything from the Cheapest to the Finest Parlor Suites. No need to go to the large cities to make your purchases, no matter what quantity or quality you want, as I can and will duplicate any prices you can obtain elsewhere, freight being added. Also a full assortment of Coffins, Cases, Shrouds and Robes, embracing all the New Styles, both cheap and expensive. Ware rooms opposite St. Asaph Hotel, Stanford, Ky.

W. H. TRAYLOR,

AGENT FOR THE—

BONANZA GRAIN & FIELD SEED THRESHER.

And the Machinery named below, for Lincoln and Garrard Counties—

We build the Famous "BONANZA" THRESHER for Wheat, Oats, Flax, Clover, Potatoes and all Seeds and Grains.

TRACTION & PORTABLE ENGINES. "BONANZA" Revolving Straw Macker, and all other kinds of Machinery. We have a full stock of these machines on hand and can deliver them at short notice. Write to us for a full list of our machinery and prices. Address: W. H. TRAYLOR, Stanford, Ky. See him and get prices before purchasing elsewhere. Signed: J. R. Owsen, H. H. Houghman, J. H. Miller, J. C. Lyden, & J. E. Hunt, J. Hurt.

We endorse what the farmers say in regard to the Bonanza Thresher and Engine, built by Robinson & Co., Richmond, Indiana, and sold here by W. H. TRAYLOR, their Agent. We have bought and used and can recommend them as being the best and most reliable of any we have seen. We have sold them to many of our friends and they are all well satisfied. Write to us for a full list of our machinery and prices. Address: W. H. TRAYLOR, Stanford, Ky. See him and get prices before purchasing elsewhere. Signed: J. R. Owsen, H. H. Houghman, J. H. Miller, J. C. Lyden, & J. E. Hunt, J. Hurt.

To those whom I have sold machinery I extend thanks for their patronage, and will say to those that expect to buy that I will take great pleasure in fitting you up with the above named machinery. Will see that everything is in perfect working order. I have on hand a supply of printed matter which will be sent to any one addressing me at Stanford, Lincoln County, Ky.

Yours very truly,

W. H. TRAYLOR.

Read What Some of Our Best Farmers and Citizens of Lincoln and Garrard Say

"We, the undersigned citizens of Lincoln and Garrard, do certify that we have had our wheat threshed with Robinson & Co.'s New Bonanza Grain and Seed Thresher and Engine, and we give great credit for the work it did for us. It threshes fast, cleans and separates as good as any we ever had, runs smoother and with less noise, does not crack the grain like most machines. In conclusion we say to those that expect to buy machines of this kind that they can not do better than to get the Bonanza Thresher and Engine. Sold by W. H. TRAYLOR, Stanford, Ky. See him and get prices before purchasing elsewhere. Signed: J. R. Owsen, H. H. Houghman, J. H. Miller, J. C. Lyden, & J. E. Hunt, J. Hurt.

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Yours very truly,

W. H. TRAYLOR.

Buggies, Phaetons, Sur-

reys, Carriages,

Jersey and Open Spring Wagons,

Village Carts, &c.

The largest stock ever in Stanford and the best to be found in Central Ken-

tucky, embracing about twenty five different styles from the leading manu-

facturers in the United States. Persons contemplating buying a vehicle this

Spring should select the same or place their orders at once; for at this season

all manufacturers of first-class vehicles are invariably over-run with orders

and if the vehicle wanted is not on hands, it will require from four to eight

weeks to obtain it; four weeks being required to make, finish and dry a first-

class job ready for shipment, under the most favorable circumstances.

All work sold by me will be found to be such as I represent them, unless

have been deceived myself, and in that event the purchaser will be fully in-

demnified. Call and examine my stock and I will do my best to please you

in style, quality and price. You can get as good vehicles from me and at as

reasonable prices as you can obtain anywhere else and get a guarantee on

them, besides that is worthless to you when buying away from home. Res-

pectfully,

GEO. D. WEAREN, Mfg.'s Agt.,

STANFORD, KY.

